

**8.11** Repeat Problem 8.10, but interchange  $\epsilon_{r1}$  and  $\epsilon_{r3}$ .

**Solution:** In medium 2,

$$\lambda = \frac{\lambda_0}{\sqrt{\epsilon_{r2}}} = \frac{c}{f\sqrt{\epsilon_{r2}}} = \frac{3 \times 10^8}{5 \times 10^7 \times 3} = 2 \text{ m.}$$

Hence,

$$\beta_2 = \frac{2\pi}{\lambda_2} = \pi \text{ rad/m,} \quad \beta_2 d = 1.2\pi \text{ rad.}$$

At  $z = -d$ , the input impedance of a transmission line with impedance  $Z_L$  is given as Eq. (2.63),

$$Z_{\text{in}}(-d) = Z_0 \left( \frac{Z_L + jZ_0 \tan \beta d}{Z_0 + jZ_L \tan \beta d} \right).$$

In the present case,  $Z_0 = \eta_2 = \eta_0 / \sqrt{\epsilon_{r2}} = \eta_0 / 3$ ,  $Z_L = \eta_3 = \eta_0 / \sqrt{\epsilon_{r1}} = \eta_0$ , where  $\eta_0 = 120\pi \text{ } (\Omega)$ . Hence,

$$\begin{aligned} Z_{\text{in}}(-d) &= \eta_2 \left( \frac{\eta_3 + j\eta_2 \tan 1.2\pi}{\eta_2 + j\eta_3 \tan 1.2\pi} \right) \\ &= \frac{\eta_0}{3} \left( \frac{1 + (j/3) \tan 1.2\pi}{(1/3) + j \tan 1.2\pi} \right) \\ &= \eta_0 \left( \frac{1 + (j/3) \tan 1.2\pi}{1 + j3 \tan 1.2\pi} \right) = (0.266 - j0.337)\eta_0 = 0.43\eta_0 \angle -51.7^\circ. \end{aligned}$$

At  $z = -d$ ,

$$\Gamma = \frac{Z_{\text{in}} - Z_1}{Z_{\text{in}} + Z_1} = \frac{0.43 \angle -51.7^\circ - \frac{1}{2}}{0.43 \angle -51.7^\circ + \frac{1}{2}} = 0.49 \angle -101.1^\circ.$$

Fraction of incident power reflected by structure is  $|\Gamma|^2 = 0.24$ .

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