

**8.4** A 200-MHz, left-hand circularly polarized plane wave with an electric field modulus of 5 V/m is normally incident in air upon a dielectric medium with  $\epsilon_r = 4$ , and occupies the region defined by  $z \geq 0$ .

- (a) Write an expression for the electric field phasor of the incident wave, given that the field is a positive maximum at  $z = 0$  and  $t = 0$ .
- (b) Calculate the reflection and transmission coefficients.
- (c) Write expressions for the electric field phasors of the reflected wave, the transmitted wave, and the total field in the region  $z \leq 0$ .
- (d) Determine the percentages of the incident average power reflected by the boundary and transmitted into the second medium.

**Solution:**

(a)

$$k_1 = \frac{\omega}{c} = \frac{2\pi \times 2 \times 10^8}{3 \times 10^8} = \frac{4\pi}{3} \text{ rad/m},$$

$$k_2 = \frac{\omega}{u_{p2}} = \frac{\omega}{c} \sqrt{\epsilon_{r2}} = \frac{4\pi}{3} \sqrt{4} = \frac{8\pi}{3} \text{ rad/m}.$$

LHC wave:

$$\begin{aligned} \tilde{\mathbf{E}}^i &= a_0(\hat{\mathbf{x}} + j\hat{\mathbf{y}})e^{j\pi/2}e^{-jkz} = a_0(\hat{\mathbf{x}} + j\hat{\mathbf{y}})e^{-jkz}, \\ \mathbf{E}^i(z, t) &= \hat{\mathbf{x}}a_0 \cos(\omega t - kz) - \hat{\mathbf{y}}a_0 \sin(\omega t - kz), \\ |\mathbf{E}^i| &= [a_0^2 \cos^2(\omega t - kz) + a_0^2 \sin^2(\omega t - kz)]^{1/2} = a_0 = 5 \quad (\text{V/m}). \end{aligned}$$

Hence,

$$\tilde{\mathbf{E}}^i = 5(\hat{\mathbf{x}} + j\hat{\mathbf{y}})e^{-j4\pi z/3} \quad (\text{V/m}).$$

(b)

$$\eta_1 = \eta_0 = 120\pi \quad (\Omega), \quad \eta_2 = \frac{\eta_0}{\sqrt{\epsilon_r}} = \frac{\eta_0}{2} = 60\pi \quad (\Omega).$$

Equations (8.8a) and (8.9) give

$$\Gamma = \frac{\eta_2 - \eta_1}{\eta_2 + \eta_1} = \frac{60\pi - 120\pi}{60\pi + 120\pi} = \frac{-60}{180} = -\frac{1}{3}, \quad \tau = 1 + \Gamma = \frac{2}{3}.$$

(c)

$$\begin{aligned} \tilde{\mathbf{E}}^r &= 5\Gamma(\hat{\mathbf{x}} + j\hat{\mathbf{y}})e^{jk_1 z} = -\frac{5}{3}(\hat{\mathbf{x}} + j\hat{\mathbf{y}})e^{j4\pi z/3} \quad (\text{V/m}), \\ \tilde{\mathbf{E}}^t &= 5\tau(\hat{\mathbf{x}} + j\hat{\mathbf{y}})e^{-jk_2 z} = \frac{10}{3}(\hat{\mathbf{x}} + j\hat{\mathbf{y}})e^{-j8\pi z/3} \quad (\text{V/m}), \end{aligned}$$

$$\tilde{\mathbf{E}}_1 = \tilde{\mathbf{E}}_i + \tilde{\mathbf{E}}_r = 5(\hat{\mathbf{x}} + j\hat{\mathbf{y}}) \left[ e^{-j4\pi z/3} - \frac{1}{3}e^{j4\pi z/3} \right] \quad (\text{V/m}).$$

(d)

$$\% \text{ of reflected power} = 100 \times |\Gamma|^2 = \frac{100}{9} = 11.11\%,$$

$$\% \text{ of transmitted power} = 100 \times |\tau|^2 \frac{\eta_1}{\eta_2} = 100 \times \left( \frac{2}{3} \right)^2 \times \frac{120\pi}{60\pi} = 88.89\%.$$


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