

**Problem 2.5** For a parallel-plate transmission line, the line parameters are given by:

$$\begin{aligned}R' &= 1 \quad (\Omega/\text{m}), \\L' &= 167 \quad (\text{nH}/\text{m}), \\G' &= 0, \\C' &= 172 \quad (\text{pF}/\text{m}).\end{aligned}$$

Find  $\alpha$ ,  $\beta$ ,  $u_p$ , and  $Z_0$  at 1 GHz.

**Solution:** At 1 GHz,  $\omega = 2\pi f = 2\pi \times 10^9$  rad/s. Application of (2.22) gives:

$$\begin{aligned}\gamma &= \sqrt{(R' + j\omega L')(G' + j\omega C')} \\&= [(1 + j2\pi \times 10^9 \times 167 \times 10^{-9})(0 + j2\pi \times 10^9 \times 172 \times 10^{-12})]^{1/2} \\&= [(1 + j1049)(j1.1)]^{1/2} \\&= \left[ \sqrt{1 + (1049)^2} e^{j \tan^{-1} 1049} \times 1.1 e^{j90^\circ} \right]^{1/2}, \quad (j = e^{j90^\circ}) \\&= \left[ 1049 e^{j89.95^\circ} \times 1.1 e^{j90^\circ} \right]^{1/2} \\&= \left[ 1154 e^{j179.95^\circ} \right]^{1/2} \\&= 34 e^{j89.97^\circ} = 34 \cos 89.97^\circ + j34 \sin 89.97^\circ = 0.016 + j34.\end{aligned}$$

Hence,

$$\begin{aligned}\alpha &= 0.016 \text{ Np/m}, \\ \beta &= 34 \text{ rad/m}.\end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned}u_p &= \frac{\omega}{\beta} = \frac{2\pi f}{\beta} = \frac{2\pi \times 10^9}{34} = 1.85 \times 10^8 \text{ m/s}. \\Z_0 &= \left[ \frac{R' + j\omega L'}{G' + j\omega C'} \right]^{1/2} \\&= \left[ \frac{1049 e^{j89.95^\circ}}{1.1 e^{j90^\circ}} \right]^{1/2} \\&= \left[ 954 e^{-j0.05^\circ} \right]^{1/2} \\&= 31 e^{-j0.025^\circ} \simeq (31 - j0.01) \Omega.\end{aligned}$$


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