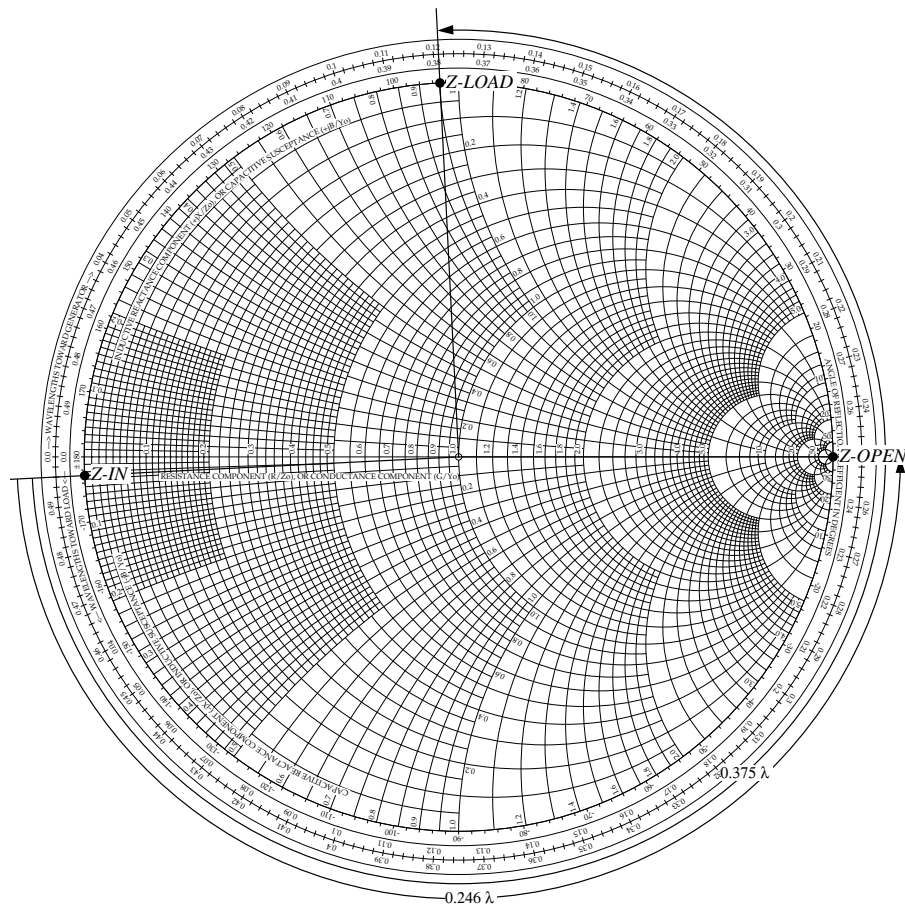


**Problem 2.58** A lossless  $100\text{-}\Omega$  transmission line  $3\lambda/8$  in length is terminated in an unknown impedance. If the input impedance is  $Z_{\text{in}} = -j2.5\text{ }\Omega$ ,

- (a) Use the Smith chart to find  $Z_L$ .
- (b) Verify your results using CD Module 2.6.



**Figure P2.58:** Solution of Problem 2.58.

**Solution:** Refer to Fig. P2.58.  $z_{\text{in}} = Z_{\text{in}}/Z_0 = -j2.5\text{ }\Omega/100\text{ }\Omega = 0.0 - j0.025$  which is at point Z-IN and is at  $0.004\lambda$  on the wavelengths to load scale.

(a) Point Z-LOAD is  $0.375\lambda$  toward the load from the end of the line. Thus, on the wavelength to load scale, it is at  $0.004\lambda + 0.375\lambda = 0.379\lambda$ .

$$Z_L = z_L Z_0 = (0 + j0.95) \times 100\text{ }\Omega = j95\text{ }\Omega.$$

(b) After setting  $d = 0.375\lambda$  in Module 2.6, the load point was moved over the circle to realize a value of  $z(d) \simeq 0 - j0.025$ . The corresponding value of  $z_L$  is:

$$z_L = 0 + j0.95064,$$

which gives

$$Z_L = (0 + j95) \Omega.$$

