

2.4 A 1 GHz parallel-plate transmission line consists of 2.4 cm wide copper strips separated by a 0.3 cm thick layer of polystyrene. Appendix B gives $\mu_c = \mu_0 = 4\pi \times 10^{-7}$ (H/m) and $\sigma_c = 5.8 \times 10^7$ (S/m) for copper, and $\epsilon_r = 2.6$ for polystyrene. Use Table 2-1 to determine the line parameters of the transmission line. Assume $\mu = \mu_0$ and $\sigma \approx 0$ for polystyrene.

Solution:

$$R' = \frac{2R_s}{w} = \frac{2}{w} \sqrt{\frac{\pi f \mu_c}{\sigma_c}} = \frac{2}{2.4 \times 10^{-2}} \left(\frac{\pi \times 10^9 \times 4\pi \times 10^{-7}}{5.8 \times 10^7} \right)^{1/2} = 0.69 \quad (\Omega/\text{m}),$$

$$L' = \frac{\mu d}{w} = \frac{4\pi \times 10^{-7} \times 0.3 \times 10^{-3}}{2.4 \times 10^{-2}} = 1.57 \times 10^{-7} \quad (\text{H}/\text{m}),$$

$$G' = 0 \quad \text{because } \sigma = 0,$$

$$C' = \frac{\epsilon w}{d} = \epsilon_0 \epsilon_r \frac{w}{d} = \frac{10^{-9}}{36\pi} \times 2.6 \times \frac{2.4 \times 10^{-2}}{3 \times 10^{-3}} = 1.84 \times 10^{-10} \quad (\text{F}/\text{m}).$$
