2.68 A 50-Ω lossless line is to be matched to an antenna with $Z_L = (75 - j20)\ \Omega$ using a shorted stub. Use the Smith chart to determine the stub length and distance between the antenna and stub.

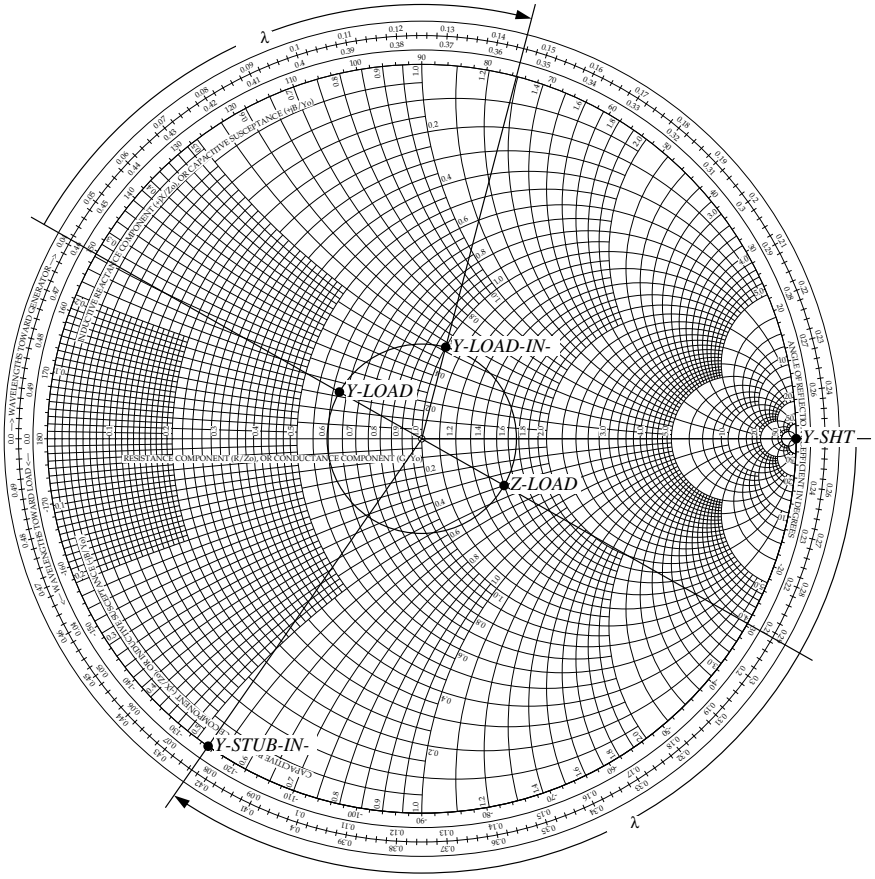

Figure P2.68: (a) First solution to Problem 2.68.

Solution: Refer to Fig. P2.68(a) and Fig. P2.68(b), which represent two different solutions.

$$z_L = \frac{Z_L}{Z_0} = \frac{(75 - j20)\ \Omega}{50\ \Omega} = 1.5 - j0.4$$

and is located at point *Z-LOAD* in both figures. Since it is advantageous to work in admittance coordinates, y_L is plotted as point *Y-LOAD* in both figures. *Y-LOAD* is at 0.041λ on the WTG scale.

For the first solution in Fig. P2.68(a), point *Y-LOAD-IN*-1 represents the point at which $g = 1$ on the SWR circle of the load. *Y-LOAD-IN*-1 is at 0.145λ on the WTG scale, so the stub should be located at $0.145\lambda - 0.041\lambda = 0.104\lambda$ from the load (or some multiple of a half wavelength further). At *Y-LOAD-IN*-1, $b = 0.52$, so a stub with an input admittance of $y_{\text{stub}} = 0 - j0.52$ is required. This point is *Y-STUB-IN*-1 and is at 0.423λ on the WTG scale. The short circuit admittance is denoted by point *Y-SHT*, located at 0.250λ. Therefore, the short stub must be $0.423\lambda - 0.250\lambda = 0.173\lambda$ long (or some multiple of a half wavelength longer).

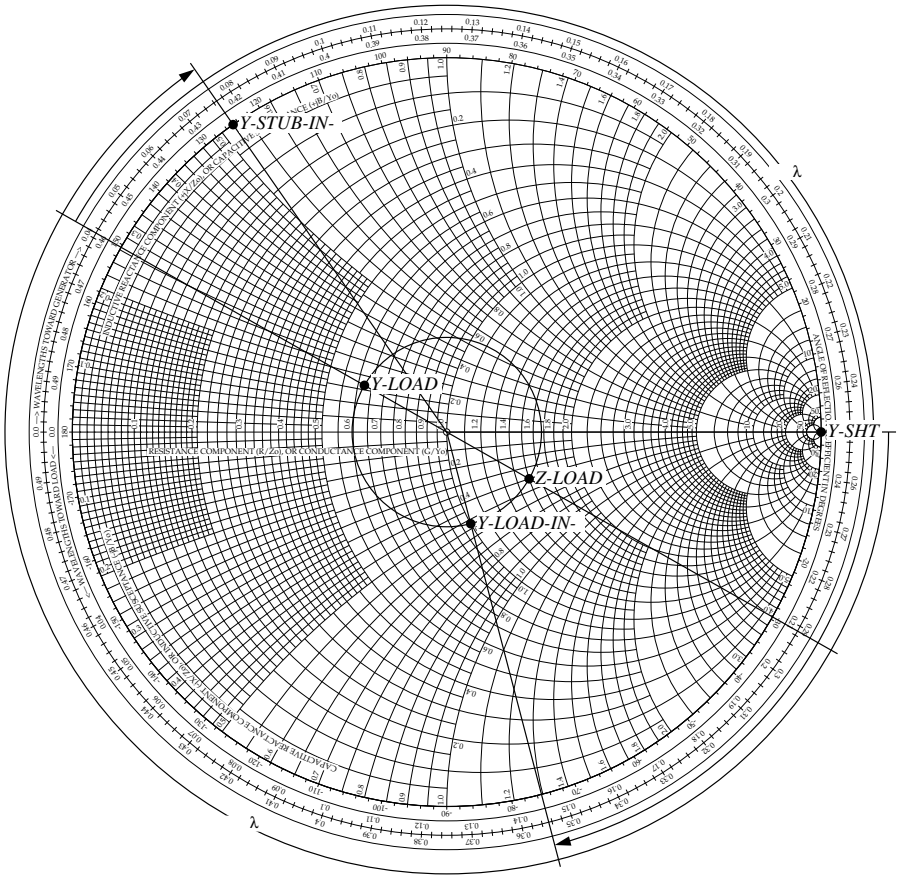

Figure P2.68: (b) Second solution to Problem 2.68.

For the second solution in Fig. P2.68(b), point *Y-LOAD-IN*-2 represents the point at which $g = 1$ on the SWR circle of the load. *Y-LOAD-IN*-2 is at 0.355λ on the WTG scale, so the stub should be located at $0.355\lambda - 0.041\lambda = 0.314\lambda$ from the

load (or some multiple of a half wavelength further). At *Y-LOAD-IN*-2, $b = -0.52$, so a stub with an input admittance of $y_{\text{stub}} = 0 + j0.52$ is required. This point is *Y-STUB-IN*-2 and is at 0.077λ on the WTG scale. The short circuit admittance is denoted by point *Y-SHT*, located at 0.250λ. Therefore, the short stub must be $0.077\lambda - 0.250\lambda + 0.500\lambda = 0.327\lambda$ long (or some multiple of a half wavelength longer).